# ASHFORD BOROUGH COUNCIL

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Notice of a Meeting, to be held in the Committee Room 2 (Bad Münstereifel Room) - Ashford Borough Council on Tuesday, 5th April, 2022 at 6.00 pm.

The Members of the Audit Committee are:-Councillor Krause (Chairman) Councillor Buchanan (Vice-Chairman) Cllrs. Campkin, Hayward, Shorter, Smith, Spain and Wright **Agenda** Page Nos. 1. **Apologies/Substitutes** To receive Notification of Substitutes in accordance with Procedure Rule 1.2(iii) **Declarations of Interest** 2. 1 - 2 To declare any interests which fall under the following categorie explained on the attached document: a) Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPI) Other Significant Interests (OSI) b) Voluntary Announcements of Other Interests c) See Agenda Item 2 for further details 3. **Minutes** 3 - 8 To approve the Minutes of the Meeting of this Committee held on 15<sup>th</sup> March 2022. 4. 9 - 40Section 106 Audit - Weak Assurance Report KM 24 March 2022

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# Agenda Item 2

### Declarations of Interest (see also "Advice to Members" below)

- (a) <u>Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPI)</u> under the Localism Act 2011, relating to items on this agenda. The <u>nature</u> as well as the existence of any such interest must be declared, and the agenda item(s) to which it relates must be stated.
  - A Member who declares a DPI in relation to any item will need to leave the meeting for that item (unless a relevant Dispensation has been granted).
- (b) Other Significant Interests (OSI) under the Kent Code of Conduct relating to items on this agenda. The <u>nature</u> as well as the existence of any such interest must be declared, and the agenda item(s) to which it relates must be stated.
  - A Member who declares an OSI in relation to any item will need to leave the meeting <u>before</u> the debate and vote on that item (unless a relevant Dispensation has been granted). However, prior to leaving, the Member may address the Committee in the same way that a member of the public may do so.
- (c) <u>Voluntary Announcements of Other Interests</u> not required to be disclosed under (a) and (b), i.e. announcements made for transparency alone, such as:
  - Membership of amenity societies, Town/Community/Parish Councils, residents' groups or other outside bodies that have expressed views or made representations, but the Member was not involved in compiling or making those views/representations, or
  - Where a Member knows a person involved, but does <u>not</u> have a close association with that person, or
  - Where an item would affect the well-being of a Member, relative, close associate, employer, etc. but <u>not</u> his/her financial position.

[Note: Where an item would be likely to affect the <u>financial position</u> of a Member, relative, close associate, employer, etc.; OR where an item is <u>an application made</u> by a Member, relative, close associate, employer, etc., there is likely to be an OSI or in some cases a DPI. ALSO, holding a committee position/office within an amenity society or other outside body, or having any involvement in compiling/making views/representations by such a body, may give rise to a perception of bias and require the Member to take no part in any motion or vote.]

#### **Advice to Members on Declarations of Interest:**

- (a) Government Guidance on DPI is available in DCLG's Guide for Councillors, at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/5962/2193362.pdf">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/5962/2193362.pdf</a>
- (b) The Kent Code of Conduct was adopted by the Full Council on 19 July 2012, and a copy can be found in the Constitution alongside the Council's Good Practice Protocol for Councillors dealing with Planning Matters. See <a href="https://www.ashford.gov.uk/media/2098/z-word5-democratic-services-constitution-2019-constitution-of-abc-may-2019-part-5.pdf">https://www.ashford.gov.uk/media/2098/z-word5-democratic-services-constitution-2019-constitution-of-abc-may-2019-part-5.pdf</a>
- (c) Where a Member declares a committee position or office within, or membership of, an outside body that has expressed views or made representations, this will be taken as a statement that the Member was not involved in compiling or making them and has retained an open mind on the item(s) in question. If this is not the case, the situation must be explained.

If any Member has any doubt about any interest which he/she may have in any item on this agenda, he/she should seek advice from the Director of Law and Governance and Monitoring Officer, or from other Solicitors in Legal and Depropriacy as early as possible, and in advance of the Meeting.



### **Ashford Borough Council: Audit Committee**

Minutes of a Meeting of the Audit Committee held in Committee Room 2, Civic Centre, Tannery Lane, Ashford on the **15**<sup>th</sup> **March 2022**.

#### Present:

Cllr. Krause (Chairman):

Cllr. Buchanan (Vice-Chairman);

Cllrs. Campkin, Shorter, Smith.

#### **Apologies:**

Cllr. Wright.

Head of Planning & Development.

#### Also in Attendance (virtually):

Cllrs. Hayward, Spain.

Accountancy Manager, Senior Accountant, Interim Deputy Head of Audit Partnership, Audit Manager, Compliance and Data Protection Manager, IT Manager.

Audit Manager – Grant Thornton UK Audit Manager - Grant Thornton UK.

#### In attendance:

Deputy Chief Executive, Interim Head of Audit Partnership, Member Services & Ombudsman Complaints Officer.

#### 333 Minutes

#### Resolved:

That the Minutes of the Meeting of this Committee held on the 1<sup>st</sup> February 2022 be approved and confirmed as a correct record.

### 334 Corporate Risk Register

The Compliance and Data Protection Manager introduced the report which was presented to the Committee every six months and covered all the risks on the Corporate Register that fell outside the Council's risk appetite threshold. Details of any changes were included within the report with some risks being lowered due to the recovery since Covid and to reflect the improved financial position. In light of the going conflict in Ukraine these risks would need to be revisited. At the October 2021 meeting the Committee requested that the Council's Cyber Security risks and mitigations be given due consideration.

The IT Manager gave a presentation to the Committee, via a Power-Point presentation, which detailed the Cyber landscape for both this Council and Councils throughout the Country. He took the Committee through the risks to the Council which formed part of the Council's Risk Register and highlighted the work undertaken to mitigate the risk. Overall, it was important to note that the risk of an attack that would affect the Council was not a case of "if" but "when" an attack took place. Solutions had been put in place to mitigate these risks including; mandatory staff training, which it was hoped would be extended to Councillors; emergency planning cyber exercises, regular communication and phishing exercises. A new mobile device management app had been installed in all new laptops and smartphones. The connections to Kent Public Services Network (KPSN) had been strengthened and controls for remote working and portable device guidance had been refreshed. The IT Manager advised that there were strong and proportionate controls in place. He also shared a Councillors' Guide to Cyber Security link with the Committee, which they would be able to access after the meeting.

A Member noted that Officers training was mandatory, yet Councillors was not. The Member supported the making of such training mandatory for Councillors, and proposed that be a recommendation from the Audit Committee. The Chairman requested that an additional recommendation be added to reflect that the training be made mandatory for Councillors. There was some discussion regarding whether all Councillors had access to the internet and used computers and the Chairman advised that it would be the minority but these would be discussed with the relevant Group Leaders. Post Meeting Note: All Councillors had access to a Council issued iPad and the internet.

In response to a question from a Member, the IT Manager advised that Capita managed the network devices, the network itself was primarily BT circuits and fully resilient. The Ashford exchange was a 'main' exchange and so the connections were good. Capita sat on the Governments NCSC (National Cyber Security Centre) Managed Service Providers Information Exchange. The size and resource levels from Capita were of benefit and they were monitoring the circuits for the Council.

A Member questioned what the contingency plan was should an attack occur and further the consequences should the contingency plan fail. The IT Manager advised that there was a Cyber Response Plan for such attacks. A lot of attacks were based around ransomware. The recovery centre was being moved as part of KPSN and would enable the Council to access data and services were being moved to the cloud also. There was no definitive answer and it would be a case of dealing with it when it occurred. It was unlikely to be a direct attack, but could be from the fallout of an attack elsewhere.

#### Resolved:

#### **That the Audit Committee**

- a) agree the assessments and the adequacy of key controls to manage the risks.
- b) considers the area of focus of this report on the risks associated with Cyber Security.

c) That Cyber Security Training be Mandatory for Councillors.

### 335 Approval of Annual Governance Statement

The Compliance and Data Protection Manager introduced the report and advised that all of the recommendations from the previous Annual Governance Statement had been completed, save for the review of the Constitution which was ongoing and was carried forward into the Annual Governance Statement before them. The key governance areas, any changes and points of interest throughout the year were also highlighted. Eight recommendations were included for the following year, including upgrading hybrid meetings, developing succession planning and leadership skills and reviewing corporate risks including data retention. An area to note was the absence of the Annual Audit Opinion, which was outstanding and the report would come back to a future meeting. It was highlighted that Mid Kent Audit had raised no issues with the governance arrangements. Once approved the Annual Governance Statement would be published on the Councils website alongside the Statement of Accounts.

A Member questioned what the completion date of the review of the Constitution was. The Compliance and Data Protection Manager advised that the overall review deadline was March 2023. Work was ongoing regarding Executive Arrangements which would come forward sooner.

The Chairman advised that discussions had been had as part of the pre-meeting regarding the adequacy of the Trading and Enterprise Board arrangements and the need to ensure that they incorporated the New Town Works and Project Green (Brompton) projects. The Deputy Chief Executive proposed that the responsible person and timetable be as per the constitution review.

#### Resolved

That the Audit Committee approves the 2021/22 Annual Governance Statement, subject to the inclusion of the additional work regarding the Trading and Enterprise Board.

#### 336 Internal Audit and Assurance Plan 2022/23

The Interim Head of Audit Partnership advised that the Plan was a live document and would be reviewed throughout the year. The programme was challenging and wide ranging. Work planning would be undertaken accordingly and he opened the item up to guestions from the Committee.

A Member questioned what 'multi-channel customer engagement' was. The Interim Head of Audit Partnership advised that it was looking at all the areas of engagement with the public in the ever increasing online world. The review was not about one solution but ensuring that all were and could be engaged with.

A Member drew attention to the terms on the payment of a penalty charge notice and the acceptance of cash. The Member felt that it should be accepted if advised as such. The Deputy Chief Executive would check if that this was the case. Face to face channels of communication would be maintained. Post Meeting Note: Penalty Charge Notices were only payable by debit or credit card, either online or by

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telephone. The wording on Penalty Charge Notices regarding payment was to be reviewed.

#### Resolved:

#### That the Audit Committee:

- (i) Approves the Internal Audit & Assurance Plan for 2022/23
- (ii) Notes the view that the Partnership has sufficient resources to deliver the plan and a robust Annual AuditOpinion.
- (iii) Notes that the plan is compiled independently and without inappropriate influence from management.

### 337 Section 106 Audit – Weak Assurance Report

Due to the absence of the Head of Planning and Development due to illness the Committee wished to defer the item to be discussed at a future meeting.

#### Resolved

The item be deferred to an additional Meeting of the Audit Committee to take place in April.

# 338 Statement of Accounts 20220/21 and External Auditors Findings

The Accountancy Manager introduced the report and advised that the Auditors were looking to give an unqualified opinion, which was pleasing. There was still some outstanding work regarding valuations, which would be clarified with the Auditors. He proposed that delegated authority be given to the Chief Financial Officer and the Chairman of the Audit Committee so that should any changes be needed that they could authorise those on behalf of the Committee. Any anticipated changes would be largely around disclosure notes. There had been no changes to the primary statements of the Council, which was positive. A further delegation was sought to allow the Chief Financial Officer and the Chairman of the Audit Committee to "sign off" the full statement of accounts once approved by the Auditor. The Auditors findings were also included within the report. There were three recommendations which would be adopted when formulating next year's accounts and a formal response would be issued. He wished to extend his thanks to the Auditors for the work undertaken and he looked forward to their continued working relationship.

The Audit Manager – Grant Thornton UK acknowledged that the Audit had taken longer than anticipated. There were a couple of areas outstanding that needed to be addressed, in particular the valuation of the Council's housing stock which was currently in progress. No changes to the primary statements were required and a small number of recommendations were made for the following year.

A Member noted the unqualified opinion and wanted to record his thanks to the Accountancy Team for achieving such an opinion.

The Deputy Chief Executive confirmed that the work was due to be completed by the 31<sup>st</sup> March. The underlying message was a positive one.

#### Resolved:

#### That the Audit Committee

- I. Considers the Appointed Auditor's Audit Findings (Appendix A)
- II. Agrees the basis upon which the accounts have been prepared (going concern)
- III. Approves the substantially audited 2020/21 Statement of Accounts (Appendix B)
- IV. Delegates authority to the Chairman of this committee and the Chief Financial Officer to agree any further amendments required to the statements shown at Appendix B, any significant changes will be reported back to this committee
- V. Delegates authority to the Chairman of this committee and the Chief Financial Officer to sign and date the accounts as required by Section 10(3) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003, following the stated amendments, as approved by the Council
- VI. Approves the Chief Financial Officer's Letter of Representation to the Appointed Auditor (Appendix C)

#### 339 Presentation of Financial Statements

The Senior Accountant introduced the report. The deadlines for the close of accounts were highlighted, with the sign off being 30<sup>th</sup> November 2022. There had been no changes to the Code for 2021/22 so far, however there was a consultation ongoing which may have an impact on the Code. The consultation was as a result of 91% of statutory bodies missing the deadline for publication of audited accounts. The consultation was investigating if there were short-term solutions that could help reduce the delays of audited financial statements. The changes proposed by the emergency consultation were (a) pausing the valuation of property, plant and equipment and (b) postponing IFRS16 implementation, which was due to happen this year end. The accounts would be prepared on a "going concern" basis and there were no changes to the accounting policies. The Audit Committee was requested to approved the accounting policies.

#### Resolved:

#### That the Audit Committee:

- I. Notes the report
- II. Approves the accounting policies for the 2021/22 accounts in Appendix A

III. Delegates authority to Head of Finance and IT to make changes to the accounting policies following an emergency consultation on the update of the 2021/22 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom

### 340 Report Tracker and Future Meetings

The Deputy Chief Executive felt that the only matter to note was the proposed April meeting.

A Member questioned whether there was any work to be undertaken as a result of the Ukraine conflict and Russian sanctions. The Accountancy Manager advised that as part of the treasury management the Council had minimal exposure to equity bonds but nothing that would impact the Councils treasury management. In respect of the pension fund, that was Kent County Council who had released a statement saying there was some exposure. He would report back fully to the Committee at its next meeting. The Deputy Chief Executive advised that the Council purchased utilities through Kent County Council and there was some exposure to Russian companies as part of that. Kent County Council were looking to suspend and extract themselves from those arrangements. All other contracts were being monitored and all appropriate actions taken. Post Meeting Note: Since the meeting the Accountancy Manager had circulated an Update on the Council's Financial Exposure to the Audit Committee.

Training for all Councillors on the Council's Emergency Planning function would be delivered by the Kent Resilience Forum later in the year.

#### Resolved:

That the report be received and noted, with the addition of a report to a future meeting on any impact of Russian sanctions and associated matters.

# Agenda Item 4

Agenda Item No: 4

Report To: Audit Committee

Date of Meeting: 5<sup>th</sup> April 2022

Report Title: Section 106 Income

Report Author & Job Title: Alison Blake: Interim Deputy Head of Audit Partnership

**Summary:** On 6<sup>th</sup> December 2021 Mid Kent Audit published the final

report on work examining controls which govern the collection and spending of Section 106 (S106) income.

While noting that the Service faces significant pressures from several vacancies and the impact of the Pandemic, the report gave a "weak" assurance rating. An adverse conclusion holding that most controls do not work consistently to keep risks to an acceptable level.

The Planning Service has agreed a series of remedial actions to address the findings. In line with settled practice, this report brings the findings to Members' attention to allow an understanding of the issues raised

and to support and track improvements.

**Key Decision**: No

Significantly Affected Wards:

N/A

Recommendations: The Committee is recommended to:

I. **Note** the findings raised in Mid Kent Audit's report on S106 Income, and

II. Consider whether receipt of a future report from the Head of Planning on progress towards completing agreed remedial actions is needed.

Policy Overview: Financial Implications:

N/A

While no significant misstatement was identified in

relation to the Councils finances, we identified

weaknesses in the controls related to the collection and

spending of S106 income.

**Legal Implications** No specific implications.

**Equalities Impact** 

**Assessment** 

Not required.

Other Material Implications:

N/A

**Exempt from Publication: NO** 

**Background Papers:** The Final audit report - attached.

Contact: Alison.blake@midkent.gov.uk – Tel: 01622 602080

### Report Title: Section 106 Income Internal Audit Report

#### Introduction and Background

#### **Planning and Reporting the Audit Engagement**

- 1. Each year, working in conformance with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards, Mid Kent Audit draws up a risk-based audit plan for approval by Members. The Council's planning service appeared on the 2021/22 Audit Plan agreed by this Committee in March 2021. In discussions with officers we agreed to schedule the work in the late summer, early autumn of 2021. Also, recognising that we lack expertise to comment on the process for agreeing S106 agreements, we agreed to focus our work only on the processes for monitoring agreed S106 agreements.
- 2. We began the work as scheduled on 12<sup>th</sup> July 2021 working to a brief agreed with the Service. We finished fieldwork on 27<sup>th</sup> August 2021, slightly later than planned owing to leave and network access issues. We published a draft report to the service on 5<sup>th</sup> October 2021 and, after discussion to decide the most effective remedial actions, published the final report on 6<sup>th</sup> December.

#### **Audit Engagement Findings**

- 3. We include the full published report as an appendix. In summary, while recognising the resource pressures on the service, due to several vacancies and the Pandemic, our work found that all 14 examined controls were not working effectively. Based on those findings we identified three risks operating beyond the Council's agreed risk appetite:
  - [the risk that] trigger points on agreements are missed.
  - [the risk that] money is not released and spent timeously.
  - [the risk that] money is not spent on intended purposes.
- 4. Driving these conclusions were fifteen separately listed audit findings. Six stand out as 'high priority', labelling them as having the deepest impact in reducing control effectiveness.
- 5. Following our standard practice in audit, we discussed and agreed remedial actions for each finding with the service. These actions fall due for completion between December 2021 and December 2022. We will follow up progress in line with our usual approach and, first, report to Management Team.
- 6. We in audit thank officers from the Planning Service for their help throughout the engagement, recognising that the Audit took place at a time of pressures in the Service, and also when staff were working at home in a wide variety of situations, instead of together as a team in the usual way. In particular the

Service's positive engagement with our findings has resulted in a broad set of agreed actions which we believe will lead to real improvements.

#### Planning Service Response (this section completed by the Head of Planning)

- 9. I would like to thank the audit team for their work with the Planning & Development Service and for highlighting and identifying a range of areas where the Section 106 process needs to be improved. This will be particularly helpful in acting as a catalyst for change in our administration and monitoring of Section 106 Agreements and ensuring there is robustness and efficiency in decision-making on spending sums arising from those Agreements. It is timely in that it complements the outcomes from the Overview & Scrutiny Task Group which examined other related aspects of the S106 process last year.
- 10. Consequently, I have assembled a team of officers across different parts of my Service to work together to ensure the recommended actions set out in the Report are undertaken and to see where we may be able to go further, for example in utilising the new planning software system, due to be implemented this summer, to assist in areas of monitoring and communications. I will be overseeing this team to ensure that actions are implemented in a timely manner.
- 11. Much time and hard work goes into negotiating S106 Agreements for the benefit of local residents and service providers and I am confident that this Audit report will help us towards delivering a system that secures the delivery of those benefits in a more robust and transparent way.

### **Proposal**

12. We recommend the Committee note the attached final audit report. We further recommend the Committee consider amending its work programme to schedule a future update (or updates) on progress towards fulfilling agreed actions if needed.

### **Implications and Risk Assessment**

13. The audit report sets out the possible risks arising from the findings, but these are accompanied by short-term remedial actions which have been agreed by the Service's management for implementation.

### **Next Steps in Process**

14. Mid Kent Audit will continue to monitor progress and this will form part of interim and annual reporting to Members as part of overall summaries.

### **Section 106 Income**

### **FINAL AUDIT REPORT**

DECEMBER 2021

# FINAL Assurance Rating:

### Weak

Audit Code A22-AR01

Lead Auditor Andy Billingham

Audit Reviewer Ali Blake

Service ABC Developer Contributions

Sponsor Simon Cole

Director Ben Lockwood









### **Summary Report**

Our opinion based on our audit work is that the Section 106 process has weak controls in place to manage its risks and support achievement of its objectives. We provide the definitions of our assurance ratings at appendix II.

Our testing of the current controls in place found they are all either partially effective or ineffective at mitigating the following examined risks. Furthermore, the service has not yet implemented any controls to manage Risk 4:

- 1. Planning obligation details aren't fully recorded
- 2. Trigger points on agreements are missed
- 3. Failure to release and spend monies timeously
- 4. Monies not spent on intended purpose

The ineffectiveness of the monitoring system, and limited resources available, makes it difficult to have adequate oversight of s106 agreements. As such, the Service is unaware if all historic s106 obligations are met and funds collected. There is also limited information on whether all s106 funds have been spent within the required timescales and whether funds paid to 3rd parties are spent in accordance with the s106 agreement.

Furthermore, resilience in the s106 process is limited. There is only one officer responsible for s106 monitoring, a lack of documented procedures and a trigger point alert system that doesn't link to the s106 monitoring package.

The Service is aware of many of the weaknesses in controls and are in the process of building a new s106 monitoring system to improve the administration and income processes. However, it's likely that the new system won't be operational for another 6-12 months. Effective project planning and delivery will be crucial to ensuring the system is a success. As such, we have raised a recommendation in this report to support delivery and control of the project so that effective controls are designed into the system at the appropriate time.

### **Next Steps**

In this report we describe the 15 findings arising from our work, and responses from management. We note management has agreed to carry out certain actions for improvement. We will follow up these agreed actions as they fall due in line with our usual approach.

We have prioritised these as below:

Critical (Priority 1)	0
High (Priority 2)	6
Medium (Priority 3)	4
Low (Priority 4)	5
Advisory	0

We provide the definition of our priority ratings at appendix II.

### **Independence**

We are required by Public Sector Internal Audit Standard 1100 to act at all times with independence and objectivity. Where there are any threats, in fact or appearance, to that independence we must disclose the nature of the threat and set out how it has been managed in completing our work.

We have no matters to report in connection with this audit project.

### Acknowledgements

We would like to express our thanks to all those officers who helped completion of this work, in particular:

- Sharon Dimsdale, s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer
- Charlie Wanstall, Accounts Officer
- Jeremy Baker, Principal Solicitor and Deputy Monitoring Officer
- Rhonda Mickelborough, Legal Support Officer

### Distribution

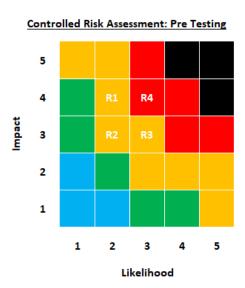
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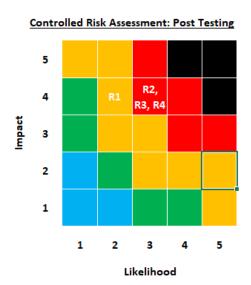
### **Detailed Findings**

Our work considers the objectives, risks and controls agreed with the service as in the review's scope. We assessed each risk during planning as either **Critical**, **High**, **Medium**, **Low** or **Minimal** based on the controls reported and the service's understanding of how well the controls work. We base our assessments on controlled risk and score using the Council's Risk Framework.

This detailed report sets out our results and findings from testing each agreed objective, risk and control. We also describe the effect of our findings on assessed risk.

The post-testing risk assessment takes into consideration the adequacy and effectiveness of the controls. We have increased the exposures for **2** (**R2** and **R3**) risks following our testing of the controls. Where these risks have increased it has taken them above the Council's risk appetite and tolerance, as set out in the Council's risk management framework.





#### **Control Assessment**

The table below summarises our assessment of **control effectiveness** following our testing and how each control links to the risks:

Risk	Mitigating Control	Post Testing Control Effectiveness
1. Planning obligation	Roles and responsibilities	Partially effective
details aren't fully recorded	Recording System	Partially effective
2. Trigger points on agreements are missed	Identify and act on trigger points	Partially effective

Risk	Mitigating Control	Post Testing Control Effectiveness
	Financial monitoring	Partially effective
	Enforcement/follow up	Partially effective
	Post development assessment	Ineffective
	Liaison	Partially effective
	Reporting	Partially effective
	Index calculations	Partially effective
3. Failure to release and spend monies timeously	S106 group	Ineffective
	Procedure for releasing monies	Partially effective
	Outstanding amounts reported at year end	Partially effective
	Unspent income returned to developer	Partially effective
4. Monies not spent on intended purpose	No controls in place	Unable to make an assessment

Of the **13** controls tested, **0** were found to be working effectively. The remainder of the report sets out in greater detail the evidence to support our conclusions along with our findings and action plan, including our recommendations.

# Objective 1: To make sure development is appropriately supported with the necessary infrastructure

#### Risk 1: Planning obligation details aren't fully recorded

Control 1: Roles and responsibilities

The s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer (responsible officer) job description suitably defines responsibilities. Our discussions with the responsible officer confirmed she has been in post for two years and has over 20 years' experience within the Planning department. However, she hasn't received any specific training regarding monitoring s106 agreements and obligations. Although she has a good understanding of her role, this has been largely self-taught. The Service should investigate the possibility of training to enhance the skills in place and identify areas for improvement. (See R02)

We identified there is no resilience in place if the responsible officer is absent for an extended period. There are no documented procedures, aside from how to use the

monitoring system Acolaid and there is limited knowledge elsewhere in the service. (See R03)

Control 2: Recording system

S106 obligations are currently recorded using a hybrid of Acolaid and Excel spreadsheets. The Service has acknowledged the recording system is inadequate and are investigating the possibility of implementing a new system (Arcus). We reviewed the Excel monitoring records and found that they are incomplete. The Service is currently unaware if all s106 obligations are completed. In addition, they are not aware whether funds have been collected for any of the agreements prior to 2010 and for 61 or the 245 agreements post 2010. (See R01 and R04)

We examined the procedure notes in place for recording agreements in Acolaid and they are up to date and clear/easy to understand. However, as noted prior, there are no other procedure notes in place to cover the elements of the process that exist outside of the system.

We tested a random sample of 10 agreements and found the following details were recorded correctly in Acolaid:

- Application number
- Address
- Applicant/Agent
- Development
- Date of s106 agreement
- Description of trigger points and amounts due
- Land charge applied

Our initial testing did not look at whether s106 obligations had been completed and funds collected, this is covered later in the report under Risk 2: Control 1.

We were unable to reconcile s106 records maintained by Legal Services to the monitoring records maintained by Planning, by a discrepancy of 14 agreements (in favour of the Planning records). The Planning records also don't include Legal's DC reference from 2010, making a historic reconciliation much harder. (See R05)

#### Conclusion

During our planning of the audit we established that the controls in place to mitigate the risk of planning obligation details, as being only *partially effective*. This was reflected in the original risk assessment. Our testing has confirmed these control assessments to be true, therefore our risk assessment remains unchanged, and the service continues to be exposed to a risk that sits above the tolerance for the Council.

#### Risk 2: Trigger points on agreements are missed

Control 1: Identify and act on trigger points

Our testing confirmed that although there is a monitoring record used by the service, there are no trigger points or alerts built into the process. Instead, the Officer uses her Outlook calendar to prompt when a trigger point is due or needs following up. Registering trigger points outside of the monitoring system carries an increased risk that triggers will be missed, and access to these notifications will solely appear for the Officer only, and are not accessible by anyone else. Our testing of this process was made more difficult as it is not possible to perform a targeted search in Outlook to check if triggers are registered. (See R01 and R06)

The responsible officer confirmed she is planning to contact developers with an introductory letter once they sign the s106 agreement and has designed a template. However, this is not planned to be implemented until the new monitoring system before is live. The introductory letter will strengthen the trigger point process by placing onus on the developers to proactively contact the Council when a trigger point is reached and therefore, in the absence of other controls, implementing this sooner rather than later would be provide a greater degree of control over the process. (See R07)

We intended to test a sample of 10 completed agreements to confirm registered trigger alerts, however its unknown how the previous responsible officer did this. We did test whether trigger and action dates were added to Acolaid and found the following:

- Trigger dates fully recorded for 1/10.
- Action dates and funds received fully recorded for 6/10. (See R01 and R04)

We also tested five incomplete agreements to ensure triggers had been set up in Outlook and found no issues.

#### Control 2: Financial monitoring

Finance maintains a financial monitoring spreadsheet to reflect incoming and outgoing s106 receipts and perform a year-end reconciliation. The spreadsheet is sent to the responsible officer monthly to review and apply any changes to the planning monitoring records. The current format of the financial monitoring records makes it very difficult to perform a check and reconciliation across the various records being maintained. In fact, we found that the only way to check the records was by undertaking a line-by-line check, which is both time consuming and carries the risk of error or missing records.

The service should spend some time with finance officers to better design and implement a more efficient and effective process, including a better way to highlight and apply changes. (See R01 and R08)

#### Control 3: Enforcement / follow up

There are no documented enforcement procedures in place, however, we noted that there is currently a 'live' enforcement case being progressed. As there is enforcement action currently happening, having a clear documented procedure would help ensure a consistent approach is followed and that enforcement cases are appropriately compiled. This is particularly important if the Service identifies historic obligations not met or if developers dispute payment. (See R09)

#### Control 4: Post development assessment

Officers don't conduct post development reviews for completed agreements. Reviews should be conducted to ensure all aspects of the agreement are met. Acolaid also has the function to show when an agreement is complete so the applicable land charge can be removed, however this isn't being used. As the service is unaware if all historic agreements are complete and doesn't use the complete function in Acolaid it is likely there are land charges which are incorrectly still applied. As this initial control is not in place, we did not extend our testing further, however, there would be value in the service undertaking a check on the application of land charges to ensure accuracy and completeness. (See R10)

#### Control 5: Reporting

All Councils must produce an annual Infrastructure Funding Statement in line with the Community Infrastructure Levy (Amendment) (England) (No.2) Regulations 2019. The statement must be compiled before 31st December each year. We reviewed the latest statement and found the contents were in line with legislation and published online before the deadline, however it wasn't approved by Cabinet until 25<sup>th</sup> February 2021.

#### Control 6: Index calculations

Indexation ensures monies collected doesn't lose value before it's spent. Acolaid doesn't have the function to perform indexation calculations therefore officers use Excel spreadsheets and an external BCIS website. We walked through the process and its sound with all developers asked to confirm they're happy with the final calculations.

We tested a random sample of five completed agreements and found:

- 1. Indexation clauses included in 5/5 agreements.
- 2. Indexation occurred in 4/5 cases.

We investigated the missing indexation with the service and confirmed that the indexation wasn't applied as the payment was made direct to the Legal department. It is therefore likely that the officers were not aware that the indexation needed to be applied so it was missed. (See R11)

#### Conclusion

Our testing found the controls in place are only partially effective at mitigating the risk that trigger points are missed. Consequently, we have re-assessed this risk and have increased the likelihood and impact. Where this risk has increased, it now sits above the tolerance levels set within the risk management framework for the Council.

#### Risk 3: Failure to release and spend monies timeously

Control 1: s106 group

There currently isn't a s106 officer group which integrates with the other services involved. This means there is no oversight of s106 processes in particular the use of s106 monies. The Service may choose to address this by re-introducing an oversight group. (See R12)

#### Control 2: Procedure for releasing monies

There is no agreed, documented procedure for releasing funds internally or externally to 3rd parties. Funds are also not currently released to the NHS at their request. When funds are released to 3rd parties, they don't include a covering email advising what they must be spent on to ensure it's in line with the original s106 agreement. There is also no follow up to confirm where the funds are spent. (See R13)

#### Control 3: Outstanding amounts reported at year end

We confirmed outstanding s106 monies are annually reported in the Council's Statement of Accounts. Officers provided evidence the figures reconciled to the Council's financial monitoring system (Efin), however we were unable to reconcile the figures to the s106 financial monitoring spreadsheet (see R08).

#### Control 4: Unspent income returned to developer

All s106 receipts not spent in the agreed period should be returned to the developer. This time frame can vary depending on the original s106 agreement. The monitoring records for historic s106 agreements do not include this timeframe, therefore, it's not possible to determine whether (or how many) agreements might have expired or be close to expiring. We are aware that the service is aware of this, and have been working to trace agreements back, however, this work is not complete. (See R01 and R14)

We tested the five oldest cases detailed on the financial monitoring spreadsheet and found the Council is holding funds totalling £3,500 for the 75 High Street development, which should be returned. (See R14)

#### Conclusion

There is no joint process or documented procedures to oversee the release of s106 funds. Our testing also identified one instance where funds should have been returned to the developer. We therefore consider there is an increased impact to the risk.

#### Risk 4: Monies not spent on intended purpose

The Service identified the above risk, which isn't currently mitigated. S106 receipts must be spent in accordance with the s106 agreement, however, the Service doesn't know where monies paid to 3rd parties go. This risk could be mitigated by introducing the following:

- 1. Covering emails with each fund transfer to advise where monies should be spent.
- 2. Regular meetings with 3rd parties to discuss where monies are spent.
- 3. 3rd party protocols. (See R15)

#### **Recommendations and Action Plan**

### 01 - s106 project management

#### High (Priority 2)

**Finding Description:** We have identified a number of key weaknesses within the existing s106 process. The service is exploring the options around purchasing and implementing a new s106 system. As such, it's imperative that this system is appropriately scoped, designed and that implementation is closely controlled to ensure that the intended improvements are achieved.

**Cause:** Internal controls are not designed into the system and implemented affectively.

**Effect:** If controls are not designed into the system and implemented effectively, existing issues and weaknesses will not be addressed.

**Recommendation:** Put in place a project team and apply the Councils project management approach to plan, deliver and oversee design and implementation of the S106 system.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Agreed

**Response Comments:** New software is going live on 4<sup>th</sup> July 2022 any work in advance on non software matters that can be undertaken will be done.

#### **Agreed Action**

Put in place a project team.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Dan Carter	31 March 2022	
Apply project management approach to delivery of the s106 software.		
Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Dan Carter	31 October 2022	

#### 03 - Lack of s106 monitoring resilience

#### High (Priority 2)

**Finding Description:** There are no resilience arrangements in place to provide cover if the s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer is absent for an extended period. There is a lack of additional officer knowledge and documented procedures.

Cause: Inadequate oversight of the monitoring of s106 agreements.

**Effect:** Monitoring of s106 agreements won't take place potentially resulting in missed trigger points, uncollected funds and delays in spending funds.

**Recommendation:** 1. Identify/train an additional officer to provide cover.

2. Develop detailed procedures outlining all processes. These should be saved on a shared drive.

#### **Management Response**

**Response Type:** Proposed Alternative

**Response Comments:** Procedure notes are the priority. Consideration will be given to additional capacity at later date after new system implemented

#### **Agreed Action**

Procedure notes will be developed and shared.

Sharon Dimsdale

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Sharon Dimsdale	28 February 2022	
Review need for extra resource in August 2022.		
Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	

# 04 - Trigger points on agreements are missed

High (Priority 2)

31 August 2022

**Finding Description:** The Service's s106 agreement monitoring records are incomplete and don't detail if all trigger points have been met.

Our testing of 10 complete agreements found the following:

- Trigger dates fully recorded on Acolaid for 1/10.
- Action dates and funds received fully recorded on Acolaid for 6/10.
- Who obligations should be paid to recorded in 5/10.

Cause: Inadequate s106 monitoring records

**Effect:** The Service doesn't know if developers have fulfilled their s106 obligations for agreements prior to 2010 or for 61 agreements post 2010.

**Recommendation:** Review all completed agreements to ensure trigger points are met and complete records are held.

#### **Management Response**

**Response Type:** Proposed Alternative

Response Comments: Post 2010 records can be reviewed. Pre 2010 most will be complete and any issues should have manifested by now so low priority.

#### **Agreed Action**

Review post 2010 records.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 March 2022
re 2010 records	

Review pr

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 August 2022

#### **10 - Post development reviews**

#### High (Priority 2)

**Finding Description:** Officers confirmed post development assessments, to ensure all aspects of the s106 agreement are completed, aren't carried out.

**Cause:** Lack of established process and officer resources.

**Effect:** s106 agreements not completed.

**Recommendation:** Introduce post development reviews.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Proposed Alternative

**Response Comments:** Medium – agree it is needed but not as high – potential role for proposed Quality Monitoring Officer (some S106 take more than 10 years to reach completion)

#### **Agreed Action**

Introduce post development reviews

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 December 2022

#### 14 - Returning unspent s106 monies

#### High (Priority 2)

Finding Description: There isn't an agreed documented process in place for returning unspent s106 monies.

The Council's monitoring records don't detail spend by dates so the Council is unaware of the exact date without referring to the original agreement.

We tested five completed agreements and found one case (75 High Street) where funds weren't spent within the required time scale and should be returned. The Council is in the process of returning it.

Cause: Lack of strategic oversight

Effect: The Council may be in breach of s106 agreements and possess funds that should

be returned.

**Recommendation:** Agree and introduce a documented process for returning unspent

Enhance monitoring records to show spend by date and introduce a traffic light system to highlight when funds are nearing said date.

Return funds held for 75 High Street totalling £3,500.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Proposed Alternative

**Response Comments:** This example has been discussed with legal and there are no legal requirements to return funds so it is low risk. However we have looked into returning it and cannot find the payee details, so Sharon to contact applicant and ask for evidence they paid funds in first instance.

#### **Agreed Action**

Agree and introduce a documented process for returning unspent monies.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 August 2022

Enhance monitoring records to show spend by date and introduce a traffic light system to highlight when funds are nearing said date.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Sharon Dimsdale	31 August 2022	
Continue investigation into returning funds held for 75 High Street.		

Continue investigation into returning funds held for 75 High Street.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 December 2021

#### 15 - Monies not spent on intended purpose

High (Priority 2)

**Finding Description:** The Service has identified a risk, which it currently isn't mitigating. When the Service hands monies over to 3rd parties they do not know if monies are spent in agreement with the s106 agreement.

The service doesn't have any protocols in place with 3rd parties, doesn't send covering emails outlining use of the s106 monies or retrospectively review records.

The Council's Infrastructure Funding Statement is also incorrect if 3rd parties don't provide information back to the Council on how contributions have been spent that reported year and how they intend to spend future contributions.

Cause: Lack of officer oversight

**Effect:** The Council could suffer reputational damage if monies they collect and hand over aren't used in line with the s106 agreement.

**Recommendation:** Develop controls to mitigate the risk s106 monies aren't spent on their intended purpose.

#### **Management Response**

**Response Type:** Agreed

#### **Agreed Action**

Phase 1 agree a terms of reference for a s106 group at first meeting March 22

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Simon Cole	31 March 2022	

Phase 2 - Based on discussions at Phase 1 develop controls to mitigate the risk s106 monies aren't spent on their intended purpose.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Simon Cole	31 December 2022	

# 05 - Reconciliation of s106 agreements between Legal and Planning records

**Medium (Priority 3)** 

**Finding Description:** Legal records show there are 342 s106 agreements based on their DC codes. Planning records show 356 so the two records don't reconcile.

Legal allocate DC reference numbers to all agreements and these aren't detailed on Planning records from 2010.

Cause: Officer oversight

**Effect:** Either Legal or Planning have inaccurate records which could result in agreements not being monitored and obligations missed.

**Recommendation:** Perform a regular reconciliation between Legal and Planning records to identify discrepancies.

Include DC reference numbers in Planning records to aid reconciliation.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Agreed

**Response Comments:** This issue is known, the DC codes list has been reviewed and errors corrected with notes made. Sharon keeps a list which is checked every time a new S106 is signed.

#### **Agreed Action**

Ongoing reconciliation between Legal and Planning records to identify discrepancies. Include DC reference numbers in Planning records to aid reconciliation.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 December 2021

Once the new system is in place there will be a box for the DC code, it is recorded on acolaid now in account number box but I will go back over all old records and check they are there.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 August 2022

#### 06 - Trigger Point Alert System

#### **Medium (Priority 3)**

**Finding Description:** There is no trigger point alert system linked to the system that monitors s106 agreements. The s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer relies on Outlook to monitor trigger points, which carries a risk that information isn't copied across correctly or trigger points are missed especially if the responsible officer is absent for an extended period. There is also no targeted search facility in Outlook to check trigger points have been added.

We tested a random sample of 10 complete s106 agreements but couldn't verify whether trigger points were registered as officers didn't know how the previous s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer did this.

**Cause:** Inadequate s106 monitoring system.

**Effect:** Missed trigger points and/or uncollected funds.

**Recommendation:** Introduce trigger point alerts linked to the s106 monitoring system.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Agreed

#### **Agreed Action**

This will be implemented within new system. A new letter could help with this and possibly a spreadsheet in Teams.

Responsible officer:	Implementation da	
Sharon Dimsdale	31 July 2022	

#### 08 - Financial monitoring spreadsheet

#### **Medium (Priority 3)**

**Finding Description:** The s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer doesn't have regular meetings with Finance to discuss payments received. The financial monitoring spreadsheet details payments received but the changes aren't highlighted meaning it takes a while for the s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer to identify them.

We were unable to reconcile the monitoring spreadsheet to the financial monitoring system Efin.

**Cause:** Lack of communication between Finance and the s106 Agreements Monitoring

Officer

**Effect:** Delays in identifying received payments

**Recommendation:** Introduce monthly meetings with Finance to go through the financial monitoring spreadsheet to easily identify received payments and ensure integrity and accuracy of records.

#### **Management Response**

**Response Type:** Agreed

#### **Agreed Action**

A spreadsheet focusing on the month rather than a full account of every contribution paid would help focus and prevent error. Will explore having an email with receipts within month, or highlighting payments within month.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale	31 January 2022

# 12 - Lack of governance to oversee use of s106 receipts

**Medium (Priority 3)** 

**Finding Description:** There is a lack of governance in place to oversee the use of s106 receipts. Officers independently review applications and issuance of funds.

Cause: s106 group disbanded as not deemed necessary by previous management.

Effect: Lack of joined up review and discussion

**Recommendation:** Improve governance to oversee the use of s106 receipts. This could

involve re-forming the s106 group

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Proposed Alternative

Response Comments: A high risk as disbanding of the S106 working group has not assisted identification of any potential clawbacks of money (thus dictating priority proposals for S106 spend by other departments) or early discussion of projects coming forward where S106 monies will be relied upon by the project sponsor. In addition the relationship to project management group and management team sign off needs strengthening to ensure that S106 spend would be lawful and assumptions are not made when projects are signed off. In some instances projects have been signed off at management team level without any details being identified by the project sponsor in terms of relationship to the S106 agreement. This hints at a potentially confusing process with too many strands to project sign off and review and rationalisation would be welcome.

#### **Agreed Action**

We will improve governance to oversee the use of s106 receipts by re-forming the s106 group.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:
Simon Cole	31 March 2022

### **02 - Training/Development**

Low (Priority 4)

**Finding Description:** There is no s106 training/development in place for the s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer.

**Cause:** Inadequate succession planning.

**Effect:** Ineffective or inadequate monitoring of s106 agreements. Areas of best practice not obtained.

**Recommendation:** Investigate training/development opportunities for the s106

Agreements Monitoring Officer

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Agreed

#### **Agreed Action**

Sharon will be trained and giving training on the new system. Sharon to look for training courses or contact officers from adjoining Councils to share information.

Responsible officer: Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale 31 July 2022

#### **07 - Introduction letter**

#### Low (Priority 4)

**Finding Description:** The s106 Agreements Monitoring Officer is planning to send introduction letters to developers to introduce herself and advise of the developer's responsibilities. The introduction of the letter is delayed pending the implementation of a new s106 agreement monitoring system. There is no definitive date as to when the system will be enabled therefore the letter should be introduced immediately.

**Cause:** The s106 Agreement Monitoring Officer is waiting for the introduction of a new monitoring system.

**Effect:** The s106 Agreement Monitoring Officer has highlighted an area for improvement. Delayed implementation will result in a delay in improving the s106 agreement monitoring process.

**Recommendation:** Introduce the introduction letter immediately.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Agreed

**Response Comments:** We would wish the new system to be developed to help automate

this.

#### **Agreed Action**

Wording for letter to be agreed by officers.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Sharon Dimsdale	25 December 2021	
Letter to be automated once new system in place.		
Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	

Responsible officer: Implementation date:
Sharon Dimsdale 31 July 2022

#### 09 - Enforcement procedures

Low (Priority 4)

**Finding Description:** There are currently no documented enforcement procedures for agreements that aren't adhered to.

The Service is currently unaware if all historic agreements are met. If they discover unfulfilled agreements a documented process will ensure a consistent agreed approach.

Cause: Lack of oversight

Effect: An inconsistent approach to follow up action, which hasn't been agreed by

management. This could result in challenges from developers.

**Recommendation:** Agree and document enforcement action procedures.

#### **Management Response**

**Response Type:** Proposed Alternative

**Response Comments:** It is extremely rare for breaches to end in litigation in the courts and the number of challenges from developers is also very low. If there is an issue where there is a breach where we have been unsuccessful in resolving with the developer then we would as a last resort discuss with legal with the intention of enforcing a claim in the courts. We agree a process needed.

#### **Agreed Action**

Jeremy Baker, Sharon Dimsdale, Dan Carter and Roland Mills will agree a protocol and meet as and when needed.

Responsible officer:	Implementation date:	
Sharon Dimsdale	31 March 2022	

#### 11 - Indexation

Low (Priority 4)

**Finding Description:** Our testing found indexation wasn't received for 1/5 tested agreements (17/1357/AS).

**Cause:** Payment was made directly to Legal Services who didn't check as a matter of course for indexation.

**Effect:** Insufficient funds received.

**Recommendation:** Investigate possibility of retrospectively charging for indexation. Inform all parties who receive s106 monies to check for indexation.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Disagreed

**Response Comments:** Potentially disproportionate response to very small sums of money

#### 13 - Procedure for releasing monies

#### Low (Priority 4)

**Finding Description:** There is no documented agreed process in place for releasing s106 funds.

A covering email/letter isn't sent with the release of s106 monies to 3rd parties advising what the funds have to be spent on.

Cause: Lack of strategic oversight

**Effect:** Without a documented process an inconsistent approach may be taken.

The Council is unaware where funds are spent and if this is in line with the s106 agreement.

**Recommendation:** Agree and document process for releasing s106 monies.

#### **Management Response**

Response Type: Proposed Alternative

**Response Comments:** There is a process and an approval to spend monies form. The approval form has been revamped during its 10 year life to make it slicker and avoid unnecessary calls on legal services time in terms of alignment with terms of S106. Some overlap with governance arrangements in terms of S106 working group and project management group need review to ensure S106 spend is not an afterthought and/or proposed spend is not revealed to those signing off projects as potentially falling outside the terms of the S106 agreement and those matters on which the monies can be <u>lawfully</u> spent. Maybe need a process for checking what money spent on.

#### **Agreed Action**

Agree and document process for releasing s106 monies.

Responsible officer: Implementation	
Simon Cole	31 March 2022

### **Appendix I: Audit Brief (As Originally Issued)**

#### **About the Service Area**

Section 106 (s106) of the Town and County Planning Act 1990 allows the Council and developers to form planning obligations as part of the planning application process. This involves negotiating a contribution from the developer at key points in the development process, which are referred to as trigger points.

s106 agreements are drafted when it is considered that a development will have significant impacts on the local area that cannot be moderated by means of conditions attached to a planning decision. They are used to support the provision of services and infrastructure such as affordable housing, highways, education, health and recreational facilities.

#### **About the Audit**

We complete all our work in full conformance with <u>Public Sector Internal Audit Standards</u>, <u>CIPFA's Local Government Application Note</u> and the <u>Institute of Internal Audit's</u> International Professional Practices Framework.

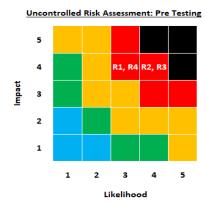
This includes the internal auditors' <u>Code of Ethics</u> that commits us to work with integrity, objectivity, confidentiality and competence.

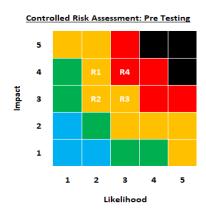
This audit seeks to provide assurance over the controls and procedures in place to manage s106 agreements.

We have agreed the following 4 risks in relation to s106 agreements:

- 1) Planning obligation details aren't fully recorded.
- 2) Trigger points on agreements are missed.
- 3) Failure to release and spend monies timeously.
- 4) Monies not spent on intended purpose.

We used the risk assessments detailed below to guide the testing we will undertake.





No existing controls are in operation for R4 so we are unable to test this area. We will however work with the service to understand what controls can be introduced.

Our findings in this review will contribute towards the **internal controls** aspect of the Head of Audit Opinion, to be issued in June 2022.

#### **Evaluation Criteria**

We will assess s106 performance against the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the National Planning Policy Framework.

### **Audit Testing**

Audit Tests	Sample Size
Evaluate responsible officer job description	N/A
Confirm responsible officer is suitably trained/ experienced	N/A
Evaluate trigger points alert system	N/A
Test sample of agreements for action taken on past trigger points	10
Test sample of incomplete agreements to ensure triggers points set up	5
Review recording system procedure notes	N/A
Evaluate financial monitoring process	N/A
Confirm s106 balances to the general ledger	1
Sample test whether agreements are recorded correctly	10
Reconcile s106 Legal records to monitoring spreadsheet	N/A
Walkthrough enforcement action process	1
Test enforcement action is taken	5
Evaluate process for reviewing completed s106 agreements	N/A
Test a sample of completed agreements to confirm review took place	5
Review meetings held between services with involvement of s106	3
process and test meeting notes	
Evaluate and verify the reporting process in line with legislation	N/A
Walkthrough index calculation process	1

Audit Tests	Sample Size
Test agreements to ensure provision for indexing and its occurred	5
Evaluate process for releasing s106 monies	N/A
Test a sample of cases to confirm the correct release of monies	10
Confirm outstanding developer contributions are reported	N/A
Reconcile EOY financial statement to capital grants and s106 monitoring	1
sheet	
Evaluate the process for returning unspent s106 monies	N/A
Test a sample of cases where monies have been collected to ensure that	5
they have been used before the agreed deadline	

#### **Audit Resources**

Based on the objectives, scope and testing identified we expect this review will need 21.00 days' work to complete.

#### **Audit Timeline**

- Fieldwork Begins 12 July 2021
- Draft Report Issued 16 August 2021

#### **Audit Resources and Timeline Outturn**

We completed this engagement in 1 day longer than originally planned owing to the nature of the issues identified. Additionally, we extended the timeline to allow sufficient time to discuss the issues.

### **Disclaimer and Report Distribution**

There are inherent limits to internal audit's work. All control systems, no matter how well designed, are vulnerable to risk of failure. This might arise, for example, following poor judgement, human error, deliberate subversion or unforeseeable circumstances. Our assessment of controls covers the period set out in scope detailed in the *About the Audit* section. As a historical review it may not provide assurance for future periods. This may be, for example, where control design becomes inadequate in changed circumstances or compliance with procedures weakens over time.

It is the responsibility of management to develop and preserve sound risk management, internal control and governance. Internal audit work cannot substitute for management's responsibilities over system design and operation. We plan our work in line with relevant Standards and our agreed Audit Charter(s) to maximise the reasonable assurance we can

provide. However, internal audit procedures alone, even when conducted with due professional care, cannot guarantee detection of fraud or error or eliminate risk of failure.

We prepare and deliver this document for and to the individuals and organisations named on the front cover and in the *Report Distribution List* section. We may use all or part in reporting to Members. We can accept no liability to any third party who claims to use or rely, for whatever reason, on its conclusions or any extract. Recipients should not share this document, in whole or part, without seeking permission of the Head of Audit Partnership. This includes where the document is subject to a statutory request under, for example, the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

# **Appendix II: Assurance & Priority level definitions**

### **Assurance Ratings**

Full Definition	Short Description
Strong – Controls within the service are well designed and	
operating as intended, exposing the service to no uncontrolled	
risk. There will also often be elements of good practice or	Service/system is
value for money efficiencies which may be instructive to other	performing well
authorities. Reports with this rating will have few, if any,	
recommendations and those will generally be priority 4.	
Sound – Controls within the service are generally well designed	
and operated but there are some opportunities for	
improvement, particularly with regard to efficiency or to	
address less significant uncontrolled operational risks. Reports	Service/system is
with this rating will have some priority 3 and 4	operating effectively
recommendations, and occasionally priority 2	
recommendations where they do not speak to core elements	
of the service.	
Weak – Controls within the service have deficiencies in their	
design and/or operation that leave it exposed to uncontrolled	Service/system requires
operational risk and/or failure to achieve key service aims.	support to consistently
Reports with this rating will have mainly priority 2 and 3	operate effectively
recommendations which will often describe weaknesses with	operate effectively
core elements of the service.	
Poor – Controls within the service are deficient to the extent	
that the service is exposed to actual failure or significant risk	
and these failures and risks are likely to affect the Council as a	Service/system is not
whole. Reports with this rating will have priority 1 and/or a	operating effectively
range of priority 2 recommendations which, taken together,	
will or are preventing from achieving its core objectives.	

#### **Finding, Recommendation and Action Ratings**

**Priority 1 (Critical)** – To address a finding which affects (negatively) the risk rating assigned to a Council strategic risk or seriously impairs its ability to achieve a key priority. Priority 1 recommendations are likely to require immediate remedial action. Priority 1 recommendations also describe actions the authority **must** take without delay.

Priority 2 (High) – To address a finding which impacts a strategic risk or key priority, which makes achievement of the Council's aims more challenging but not necessarily cause severe impediment. This would also normally be the priority assigned to recommendations that address a finding that the Council is in (actual or potential) breach of a legal responsibility, unless the consequences of non-compliance are severe. Priority 2 recommendations are likely to require remedial action at the next available opportunity, or as soon as is practical. Priority 2 recommendations also describe actions the authority **must** take.

Priority 3 (Medium) – To address a finding where the Council is in (actual or potential) breach of its own policy or a less prominent legal responsibility but does not impact directly on a strategic risk or key priority. There will often be mitigating controls that, at least to some extent, limit impact. Priority 3 recommendations are likely to require remedial action within six months to a year. Priority 3 recommendations describe actions the authority should take.

**Priority 4 (Low)** – To address a finding where the Council is in (actual or potential) breach of its own policy but no legal responsibility and where there is trivial, if any, impact on strategic risks or key priorities. There will usually be mitigating controls to limit impact. Priority 4 recommendations are likely to require remedial action within the year. Priority 4 recommendations generally describe actions the authority **could** take.

**Advisory** – We will include in the report notes drawn from our experience across the partner authorities where the service has opportunities to improve. These will be included for the service to consider and not be subject to formal follow up process.